“What you have seen here today is just the beginning. This is not the operation. It is only firecrackers compared to what will happen... Cell two and three will activate in near future”

How should we interview the suspect?
“Norway tomorrow will be recognisable – nobody can take from us our values, our democracy.”

The Norwegian Government responds

Our values

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Art 6. Right to a fair trial

Article 14 (Civil and Political rights)

2. Everyone charged with a criminal offence shall have the right to be presumed innocent until proven guilty according to law.
Art 6. Right to a fair trial

Article 14 (Civil and Political rights)

2. Everyone charged with a criminal offence shall have the right to be presumed innocent until proven guilty according to law.

The presumption of innocence is a direction to officials about how they are to proceed, not a prediction of outcome.

- Packer 1969

Our values
34. The questioning of criminal suspects is a specialist task, which calls for specific training if it is to be performed in a satisfactory manner. First and foremost, the precise aim of such questioning must be made crystal clear: that aim should be to obtain accurate and reliable information in order to discover the truth about matters under investigation, not to obtain a confession from someone already presumed, in the eyes of the interviewing officers, to be guilty.
• Question techniques
  • Probe
  • Challenge
  • Interview strategy

Engage & explain
Closure
Evaluation

First free account
Clarification / challenge
Closure
Evaluation
‘INTERVIEW STRATEGY’

- Identify all potential evidence
- Identify all possible explanations (alternative explanations / hypothesis)

- Explore all possible explanations without exposing the evidence
- Delay disclosure
Selected references:


